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associated with the loan that has been fully repaid to the borrower.

(d) If the Administrator determines that, as a result of state law, court rulings, or regulatory commission decisions, it is necessary to ensure that the borrower will repay the RUS zero-interest loan, the borrower may be required to provide an irrevocable letter of credit, or another form of guarantee satisfactory to the Administrator. The letter of credit or other guarantee is to be made payable to RUS. The letter of credit or other guarantee may not be secured by any assets under a RUS and/ or Rural Telephone Bank mortgage and must be in form and substance satisfactory to the Administrator. RUS must receive the letter of credit or other guarantee prior to the advance of any zero-interest loan funds.

§ 1703.30 Approval of agreements.

- (a) The Administrator must approve any agreements between the borrower and the owner(s) of the project, those undertaking the project, or any intermediary that will re-lend or transfer the proceeds of the RUS funds, that the Administrator deems necessary.
- (b) Borrowers must obtain the Administrator's approval of any loan, grant or security agreement, mortgage or note between the borrower and the owner(s) of the project, those undertaking the project or any intermediary that will re-lend or transfer the proceeds of the RUS funds, prior to the advance of RUS zero-interest loan or grant funds to the borrower. The borrower must receive the Administrator's approval of the final draft version of the documents prior to their execution.
- (c) Borrowers must obtain the Administrator's written approval prior to revising or amending any loan, grant or security agreement, mortgage or note that has been reviewed and approved by the Administrator pursuant to paragraph (b) of this section. Additionally, the borrower must obtain the Administrator's written approval prior to executing, revising or amending any other agreement, in connection with the project, between the borrower and the owner(s) of the project, those undertaking the project or any intermediary that will re-lend or transfer the proceeds of the RUS funds.

(d) The borrower and the owner(s) of the project, or those undertaking the project, should make agreements and prepare documents in accordance with all applicable laws.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 0572-0090)

[57 FR 44317, Sept. 25, 1992, as amended at 59 FR 11711, Mar. 14, 1994; 59 FR 38341, July 28, 1994]

§ 1703.31 Transfer of employment or business.

The project must not result primarily in the transfer of any existing employment or business activity from one area to another.

§ 1703.32 Environmental requirements.

- (a) Prospective recipients of zero-interest loans or grants should consider the potential environmental impact of their proposed projects at the earliest planning stage and plan development in a manner that reduces, to the extent practicable, the potential to affect the quality of the human environment adversely.
- (b) Application for zero-interest loans or grants for project feasibility studies. For a proposal to fund a project feasibility study, the only environmental information normally required is whether or not the proposed project being studied or analyzed will be located within an area protected under the Coastal Barrier Resources Act (16 U.S.C. 3501 et seq.) Generally, the use of Federal funds to promote development on coastal barriers is strictly limited by the Coastal Barriers Resources Act.
- (c) Application for zero-interest loans or grants for a project that is not considered project feasibility studies. (1) The Administrator will review support materials in the application and initiate an environmental review process pursuant to 7 CFR part 1794. This process will focus on any environmental concerns or problems that are associated with the project.
- (2) The level and scope of the environmental review will be determined in accordance with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (NEPA), as amended, (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.), the Council on Environmental Policy for Implementing the Procedural Provisions of NEPA (40 CFR parts 1500–1508),